

VOL. XLII.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA. THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1894.

NO. 77.

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

Published Daily and Weekly by

KELLEY & WEBSTER.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Daily one year, by mail	\$6 00
Daily six months	3 00
Daily by Carrier, per week	1 00
Weekly, one year, by mail	2 00
Weekly, six months	1 00

The Daily, containing the latest telegraphic news, is published every day except Mondays. The Weekly is published on Saturday.

J. S. HODGKINSON.

H. J. BEHRY

BERRY & NOVACOVICH,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists

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All the novelties in Fancy Groceries. No need to send away for choice goods—cash credit granted on satisfaction guaranteed.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

TWENTY YEARS AGO

Physicians sent their throat and lung patients toward the tropics. Now they send them northward—to the mountains—up among the pines. Sufferers from throat and lung trouble experience a wonderful sense of relief in the fragrant atmosphere of a pine country.

Santa Abie

Is prepared from Abietine Balsam, obtained from a rare species of pine found only in California and Norway, and from Yerba Santa, better known as Mountain Balm. Soothing, healing and restorative, Santa Abie is a medicine for coughs, colds, croup, asthma, bronchitis and all other diseases of like character. Easy to take, quick in its effects. Every bottle guaranteed.

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PALACE RESTAURANT,

IN PALACE HOTEL, RENO, NEVADA.

J. GODFREY, Proprietor,

MEALS AT ALL HOURS,

DAY OR NIGHT

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE

The public can rest assured that the Palace Restaurant will be maintained in a first-class manner.The Keeley Institute,
CARSON CITY, NEVADA,IS NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS. AN INSTITUTE POSSESSING THE sole and exclusive right to sell and administer in the State of Nevada the World Renowned Double Chloride of Gold Remedies discovered and prepared by

LESLIE E. KEELEY,

Of Dwight, Illinois, for the cure of

Liquor, Morphine, Opium and Tobacco Habits and Neurosthenia.

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For terms and other information address,

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, P. O. Drawer 600, aug6 CARSON CITY, NEVADA.

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RENO, NEVADA.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated WROUGHT IRON FENCE. Designs and Prices Sent upon Application.

WIELAND'S LAGER.
PARRY & EVANS,

Sole Agents for the State of Nevada for the sale of

John Wieland Brewing Company's

Celebrated Pure and Genuine Lager Beer.

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RENO, NEVADA.

Favorable terms given to the wholesale trade. All orders for general and family use promptly filled and attended to.

BOCK BEER

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

A MARRIAGE LOTTERY.

London's Queer Mixture of Dowry, Matrimony and Hebrew Philanthropy. Michael Harris and Nancy Jacobs having polled the highest number of votes were duly elected to receive a dowry of £200 and marriage fees, and a vacancy was again declared for a couple.So ran a paragraph in a Jewish paper recently, and a reporter was fired with an ambition to learn more about these folks who give couples dowries, and more about the conditions under which dowries are won. The benevolence, it appeared, emanated from the Society for the Encouragement of Marriage Fees and a Portion to Young Men and Virtuous Girls of the Jewish Faith. The president of this society one would imagine would be a patriarchal sage with grandfatherly stories about his knees. But Mr. A. Svab, who is the head of the society, is a young man with a slight black mustache, a clean shaven chin and certainly no grandchildren. When not hunched over occupied he is engaged in his business as a diamond merchant in Hatton Garden."The society," he said, in reply to the interviewer, "has been in existence nearly 50 years, and has done no small amount of good. It was started among a few friends in quite a small way, and a dovy of £10 only was all that could be afforded at first. But £10, if not exactly a drop in the ocean, was not quite sufficient to answer the purpose in view, and as the fund grew the dowry was increased to £25."The operations of the society confined to London?""No. They extend all over England. They're now received by subscriptions of all amounts, from a penny a week upward, and by donations.""It gives them a prior claim on the dowry perhaps?""No, it doesn't. I will make that clear in a moment. We assist about a dozen couples every year, the dowries and marriage fees coming to over £300. The object in giving the dowry is to enable the young couples to start a little business together. Before becoming candidates for the dowry—toward which they need not have subscribed a farthing—they have to be possessed of all home necessities and furniture, and the man has to prove to the satisfaction of the committee that he is in a position to maintain his wife.""Only virtuous girls are to be befriended by the society, I gather from its title. Does it not become rather a delicate matter to adjudicate upon the qualifications of young lady applicants?""Every case is investigated by two members of the committee appointed annually for that purpose. They make their inquiries with proper tact and discretion, and also investigate the character of the man. Let us go through the entire procedure. Say a vacancy has been declared, which means that we have sufficient in hand to put another dowry up for competition. We send out notices to that effect and supply forms of application. We get four, five, six, perhaps a dozen couples contesting for the prize. They all come before the committee in couples, and are asked questions concerning the money they have saved, the nature of the man's work, and so on. Once, I suppose, I must have been pressing the prospective bridegroom pretty hard, for the young lady spoke up sorrowfully, 'Well, sir, you got married once, and we want to too!'"Well, as soon as they have been admitted as candidates, what follows?""We give them a book of members, and tell them to go and canvass for votes, the members possessing votes in proportion to the amount of their subscriptions.""Have you yourself many votes?""Yes, I hold something like 80 votes.""Then you are the target of plenty of beseeching brown eyes and persuasive glances?""No, nothing out of the way, because as president I take no part in choosing the recipients of the dower.""Can you give me a specific instance of the good the society has done?""I can, and a striking one, I think. There are three members of the committee of the society, now men of position and well to do, who were embarked upon life with dowries from the society."—Pall Mall Gazette.Marble Made with Electricity.The latest achievement of science is the artificial production of marble from pure calcium carbonate.M. H. Le Chatelier, a French chemist, takes the calcium in the form of an impalpable powder and compresses it in a steel cylinder between two pistons with a pressure of 2,000 pounds to the square inch. While in this condition a platinum spiral, previously imbedded in the powder, is heated by an electric current, with the result that the powder in the neighborhood of the wire is rendered crystalline and translucent.Sections of the resulting substance when examined underneath a microscope exhibited the characteristics of certain specimens of slightly mottled marble. This remarkable work of the electric current may prove the stepping stone to greater achievements in the production of artificial stone of all kinds.Marble Photography.A simple method of photographing a person in five different attitudes, all at once has been invented by a New Jersey photographer, by means of which the same picture gives five different views of the sitter. This is accomplished by using as a background two plane mirrors, forming between them an angle of 45 degrees, and placing the person at the junction. The usefulness of such pictures will not be confined to ordinary life, as they will be most valuable in criminology and anthropology.—Exchange.A Twisted Hint.Disatisfied Guest—Waiter, you don't seem to know how to broil a steak at this eating house. Let me give you a pointer. Waiter (with some alacrity). All right, sir, only we usually call 'em tips. Chicago Tribune.

AN INSANE MAN'S TERROR.

Only a Conductor's Coolness Prevented a Panic in a Street Car.A big, broad shouldered, handsome man boarded a Russell Avenue car at Wisconsin street and took a seat near the front door. He was perhaps 40 or 45 years of age, well dressed, and of imposing appearance, but there were a wild, startled look about his face and an uneasiness in his manner indicating that something was wrong. The car had gone only a short distance when he began to pull nervously away from the corner, casting frightened glances over his shoulder as though he saw something beside him.Suddenly he jumped up and rushed to the door of the car, throwing his arms wildly, as though beating off an assailant, and falling over the other passengers in his haste to get out."Shoot him! Shoot him!" he shouted to the conductor."Shoot him quick, or I'll have to pull his head off—I can't stand this any longer. He's after me! Shoot him, I say, or I'll pull his head off!"The quick witted conductor, taking in the situation at a glance, pulled him out on the back platform and slammed the door behind him. "There," he said, "he can't get you now. I'll keep him in the car."But the assurance did not satisfy the unfortunate man. He crept behind the conductor and peered over his shoulder to watch his imaginary pursuer. "There he comes! Throw him out!" he shouted again, clinging to the conductor in his effort."You stay here, and I'll throw him out the front door," said the conductor, to pacify him."Will you throw him over the dashboard?""Yes.""And will the car run over him?""Yes.""That's right—that will serve him right—throw him over the dashboard, and he'll laugh in great glee over the project of getting rid of his adversary."The conductor went into the car alpretended to take somebody out of the far corner and push him out of the front door. The madman on the rear platform shouted his approbation and jumped up and down with joy. "There he goes," he screamed, "push him over—don't let him get away—push him over—show him under the car—it serves him right—he can't get me now!"The ladies in the car were thoroughly frightened, and but for the coolness of the conductor there might have been a stampede.He assured them that he would keep the man outside and get rid of him as soon as possible, which quieted them. The lunatic made no further demonstration beyond nervously watching the inside of the car as though he feared his foe would appear again, and when the car reached Greenfield Avenue he said in a perfectly natural way: "Here is where I live. I'll get off here." He proved to be a south side gentleman whose family is caring for him. He had made his escape some hours before, and the members of his family were anxiously looking for him.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.He assured them that he would keep the man outside and get rid of him as soon as possible, which quieted them. The lunatic made no further demonstration beyond nervously watching the inside of the car as though he feared his foe would appear again, and when the car reached Greenfield Avenue he said in a perfectly natural way: "Here is where I live. I'll get off here." He proved to be a south side gentleman whose family is caring for him. He had made his escape some hours before, and the members of his family were anxiously looking for him.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.The first forks made in England were manufactured in 1808. Their use was ridiculed by the men of the time, who argued that the English race must be degenerating when a knife and a spoon were not sufficient for the table use.In 1810 a choice selection just received at E. C. Sessions & Co., Virginia street, three doors below First National Bank. Call and examine them.Take Notice.A fifty cent present will be given with each bottle of Grape Hair Grower purchased at the Reliance Corset Parlors, formerly the Madame McCabe Corset Parlors.MRS. S. C. JUDD.Second door north of McElroy's Opera House, Sierra street.deaf2tfFancy Rockers and Children's Chairs.A choice selection just received at E. C. Sessions & Co., Virginia street, three doors below First National Bank. Call and examine them.deaf2tfTo Rent.A house on Plaza street to rent. Inquire of F. M. PYNEFresh Milk.If you want pure, fresh milk call on White & Steele. They deliver milk to any part of the city, morning and evening. The cleanliness of their dairy and surroundings is their pride. Give them a trial.jz2tfFor Sale.A ranch of 80 acres, two miles southwest of Reno, 50 acres under cultivation, a house, milk-house, two reservoirs, an orchard, bearing, and other improvements. Inquire at this office.mc2tfWanted.A farm; 80 to 100 acres improved land with water, near Reno.H. B. RULE.The Real Estate Agent.(With S. O. Wells, corner Commercial Row and Sierra street)mc2tfFor Sale.In Connor's Eastern Addition to Reno lots and blocks with water. Payments, one-fourth each; balance in three equal installments. Contract, same form as Central Pacific Company. For further particulars apply to STEPHEN CONNER, novitif.Reno, Nevada.Carpet Weaving.Mr. E. E. Thompson, practical carpet weaver, is prepared to do all work in the field. Call at residence, first house east of cattle bridge, north side, and see samples of work.

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1894.

THE INCOME TAX BILL.

The Committee on Ways and Means by a vote of six to five has agreed to report a bill to tax individual incomes. The bill will provide that incomes of over \$4,000 be taxed two per cent. There was another proposition before the committee to tax the net income of corporations from one to five per cent, according to the amount of the income, but it was defeated by a vote of seven to four.

There is much opposition to an income tax, but it nearly all comes from rich people. A tax of that character was imposed during the war and collected for several years after Lee's surrender at Appomattox. Its advocates claim that it is the most equitable tax that can be levied, because it is imposed on what a person has and upon those who are able to bear it. The principle on which it is based was laid down by Adam Smith and its justice has not been disputed except by those who are swayed by selfish motives. The great political economist held that the people of every State ought to contribute to the support of government as nearly as possible in proportion to their respective abilities, that is in proportion to the revenue which they respectively enjoy under the protection of the State.

The President, who receives a salary of \$50,000 a year, favored a tax on the incomes of corporations but was opposed to taxing individual incomes. A majority of the committee took a different view of the proposition and opposed the taxation of corporation incomes. They argued that poor men whose income did not exceed a few hundred dollars a year, might be a stockholder in a corporation and that therefore his income should not be taxed, whereas no mistake can be made on taxing individuals, as only those whose incomes exceed \$4,000 a year will have to pay the tax.

This appears to be an equitable method of raising revenue for the support of the government. A man whose income exceeds \$4,000 a year can afford to pay a small percentage of the amount for government expenditures

A NEW SILVER BILL.

Congressman Oates of Alabama, who proposed the annexation of Utah to Nevada, has introduced a bill to provide for the coining of the silver bullion now owned by the Government. The bill makes it the duty of the Treasury to have coined \$40,000,000 of the bullion purchased under the Sherman act and set that amount apart for the redemption of the notes paid out for the bullion, and when said sum is reduced below \$40,000,000 by the redemption of said notes the Secretary shall, from any silver dollars in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, add to the said sum so as to keep it up to \$40,000,000.

The bill provides that any contract hereafter made by the Government, or between corporations or persons, which by its terms or by law is payable in dollars, may at its maturity or thereafter be paid in any lawful coin of the United States.

Divested of all superfluous verbiage, the bill simply provides for the coining of \$40,000,000 of the bullion now stored in the Treasury and makes all debts contracted after its passage payable in any lawful coin. The Secretary of the Treasury redeems no Treasury notes issued in payment of bullion in silver dollars, consequently the \$40,000,000, when coined, would be stored in the Treasury vaults as the bullion is now.

There is nothing of benefit to the silver interest of the country in the new bill. It simply provides for the coinage of \$40,000,000 now in the Treasury and storing the dollars in place of the bullion.

IGNORING THE MONEY QUESTION.

The Pennsylvania Republican State Convention, which assembled at Harrisburg yesterday to nominate a candidate for Congressman-at-large, lost sight of the money question altogether in framing a platform, and attributed the general business depression to the Wilson bill, although that bill has not even been debated in Congress. The convention nominated Galusha A. Grow, who was prominent in Congress a generation ago, for Congressman.

This indicates that the Silver men were right when they said, while debating the repeal bill, that the old parties would, so far as they could possibly do so, ignore the financial question in the Congressional elections. The tariff question may have had something to do with causing the hard times, but the scarcity of money is the principal factor. People with empty pockets cannot purchase commodities, whether they be protected or admitted free of duty. Make money plenty by remonetizing silver and issuing more greenbacks, and people will not grumble if they have to pay high prices for products.

The leaders of the proposed new National Prohibition party have held a conference at Pittsburgh. It was decided to disseminate prohibition ideas among the masses. The leaders claim that there are 700,000 prohibition voters in the country—300,000 each in the Republican and Democratic parties and 100,000 with the Populists. They want to unite all these under one organization and make their power felt in the land.

Terrible weather is reported in Europe.

MINERAL PRODUCTS.

Report of the Chief of Division of Mining Statistics.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—The report of the mining resources of the country, prepared by Chief Day of the Division of Mining Statistics of the Geological Survey, show that the high water mark in mineral productions was reached in 1892 both in this and every other country. The total value of all mineral products that year was \$684,778,768. This is \$20,000 greater than for any previous year. Among the large gains was 976,180 tons in pig iron, with an aggregate product of 9,156,000 tons, valued at \$131,161,089. Gold showed a slight loss, the year's product being \$33,000,000. The silver product was \$8,000,000 ounces. Copper totalled 57,565,666 pounds, making an aggregate of 353,275,742 pounds, valued at \$7,977,142. Lead gained 10,568 tons, aggregating 213,236 tons, valued at \$17,051,770. The year's product of zinc aggregated 87,200 tons, valued at \$8,027,920. Quick-silver 27,993 flasks valued at \$1,245,688. Tin from mines of California 160,000 pounds, valued at \$324,000. Nickel 92,252 pounds, valued at \$40,739. Alumina 259,985 pounds, valued at \$172,824. Bituminous coal increased 8,000,000 tons, total 113,237,845 tons, valued at \$125,195,130.

Petroleum declined rapidly. In 1891 there were 34,000 barrels produced, but only 50,500,136 valued at \$26,934,196 in 1893. Natural gas also fell off both in quantity and value. Its high water mark was reached in 1888, when the product was valued at \$22,629,875.

The quantities and values of other non-metallic products during the year are as follows: Building stone value \$48,706,625; lime, 65,000,000 barrels, value \$40,000,000; natural gas, value \$14,800,714; cement, 5,758,620 barrels, value \$17,522,750; salt, 11,698,890 barrels, value \$5,664,915; phosphate rock, 681,581 tons, value \$3,296,237; lime stone for iron flux, 5,173,113 tons, value \$3,620,480; mineral waters, 21,875,604 gallons, value \$4,905,070; zinc (white) 27,500 tons, value \$2,200,000; potters' clay, 420,000 tons, value \$1,000,000.

Total value of metallic minerals for the year \$903,776,629; non-metals, \$71,003,109; unspecified minerals, \$10,000,000. The report reviews the use of aluminum and states that the principal uses of the new metal in the future will be in the manufacture of cooking utensils. The uses of the principal minerals in the first six months of last year was also reviewed, showing a great decline in production, as anticipated from the general monetary depression.

OATES' SILVER BILL.

It provides for the coining of Government Bullion.

Representative Oates of Alabama has introduced the following bill:

Section 1. All silver bullion now owned by the United States shall be coined as speedily as practicable into the standard silver dollars of the weight and fineness as now prescribed by law, which shall be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private; provided that one-seventh part of said bullion may be coined into half-dollars, quarter-dollars and dimes in the proportion as directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and to contain the amounts of pure silver and alloy as is now prescribed by law for such coinage.

Section 2. The Secretary of the Treasury shall set apart \$40,000,000 to be coined as aforesaid, for the redemption of notes issued by the treasury and paid out for the purchase of silver bullion in the manner provided in the act of July 14, 1890, and whenever said sum is reduced below \$40,000,000 by the redemption of said notes, the Secretary shall, from any other silver dollars in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, add to the said sum so as to keep it up to \$40,000,000.

The bill provides that any contract hereafter made by the Government, or between corporations or persons, which by its terms or by law is payable in dollars, may at its maturity or thereafter be paid in any lawful coin of the United States.

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Terrible weather is reported in Europe.

ican Union will probably involve the United States in embarrassments more difficult to surmount than any it has thus far experienced.

A robber's den full of stolen goods was yesterday found under the Agricultural building. It was furnished elegantly with Turkish rugs, rich draperies and comfortable divans.

A crank who claimed to be commissioned by the Lord to make Pendleton a free man entered the Chicago jail yesterday armed with a big revolver. He was disarmed and held.

The Republican State Convention of Pennsylvania assembled at Harrisburg yesterday. The platform makes the tariff the central issue and declares the proposed Wilson bill to be the cause of the prevailing distress.

BREVITIES.

The Pioche Record says there is no Midwinter Fair fund started in Lincoln county and suggests that the County Commissioners start it by appropriating a fair sum. The Nevada Southern railroad will no doubt see that southern Lincoln's resources are well advertised at the Fair.

The fine thoroughbred bull terrier belonging to Deputy Sheriff Caughlin was shot in the neck a few days ago by unknown parties. The dog is such a magnificent animal and never vicious that it seems strange that anyone would wish to kill him. Mr. Caughlin got Dr. Phillips to treat the animal, but it is doubtful if he recovers.

The Carson News appears in a new dress, and Miss Martin, the editress, is as proud of it as she would be of a brand new sealskin sacque. The News is a clean, handsome paper and it deserves a new suit.

Professor King, State superintendent of public instruction, returned yesterday from a visit to his sister at Lodi, California. During his absence he attended the State Teacher's Association at Stockton.

In the next two weeks the prices of ladies and misses' jackets will be reduced from one-third to one-half at the Palace Dry Goods House.

Major T. R. Hofer of Carson came up from California yesterday and changed cars for the Capital city.

DR. C. J. MULLEN.

Office on Second street, near post-office. Hours: 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Sundays and evenings by appointment only.

Beware of Ointments for Cataracts that contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the physical system, especially the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the ones you can possibly derive from them. Hall's astral Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., L. C. O., Toledo, Ohio, is safe and reliable internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's astral Cure be sure to get it from a reliable dealer. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by druggists, price 75 cents per bottle.

When Baby was sick in Castoria. When she was a child, she went to Castoria. When she became Mrs. ——, she clung to Castoria. When she had children she clung to Castoria.

Only the Scars Remain.

"Among the many testimonials which I have in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., writes HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., "none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had sweet colic on my legs, which broke out between running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was tenanted that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old mother urged me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

For the cure of all diseases originating in impure blood, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Bank of Nevada

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts \$820,156.60

Real estate building. 50,478.24

Current expenses and taxes paid 1,026.10

Current expense fixtures 2,568.90

Cash on hand 2,595.30

Due from banks and bankers 840,833.61

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid up \$150,000.00

Savings fund 35,000.00

Individual profits 17,511.98

Certificates of deposit 152,458.00

Due to banks and bankers 38,525.58

\$606,831

We hereby certify the above to be a correct statement of the Bank of Nevada, at the close of business, December 22, 1893.

M. D. FOLEY, President.

R. S. OSBURN, Cashier.

\$75 PER WEEK using and selling Dynamos for plating watches, jewelry, etc., same as new goods. Different sizes for agents, families and shops. Easy operation; no experience; big profits. W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, O.

The London Telegraph yesterday said:

The proposal to add Utah, Arizona and New Mexico to the States of the Amer-



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in \$6 and \$1 bottles, but is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

NFW TO-DAY.

NEVADA STATE EXHIBIT.

NOTICE TO EXHIBITORS MID-WINTER FAIR:

All persons having articles to exhibit will please ship them to our State Board of Agriculture, 101 Commercial Row, Reno, Nev., for examination and for the convenience of exhibitors, we will receive them at the State Fair Grounds, 101 Commercial Row, Reno, Nev., January 21, 1894, the quarter ending December 31, 1893.

G. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

(All State papers please copy.)

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

(All State papers please copy.)

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

(All State papers please copy.)

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. E. C. PHELPS.

DENTIST—OFFICE IN BANK OF NEVADA's new building, Reno, Nev.

All operations in MODERN DENTISTRY skillfully executed at reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed.

*** OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

DRS. PHILLIPS & PHILLIPS
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

OFFICE—New Nevada Bank Building, Room 3, and 2.

Dr. W. A. PHILLIPS—Office hours, 8 to 10 A. M. and 1 to 3 P. M. Residence, Corner Sierra and Virginia streets.

Dr. P. T. PHILLIPS—Office hours, 10 to 12 M. and 4 to 6 P. M. Residence, West street, cond house north of railroad.

BENJAMIN F. CURLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.**DISTRICT ATTORNEY**
WASHOE COUNTY.

OFFICE AT COURTHOUSE.

WM. WEBSTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.RENO, NEVADA.
OFFICE—First National Bank Building, Jan 1st.**T. K. STEWART.**
SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY.

OFFICE—Virginia street Reno, Nev. Jan 1st.

DR. H. H. HOGAN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily
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